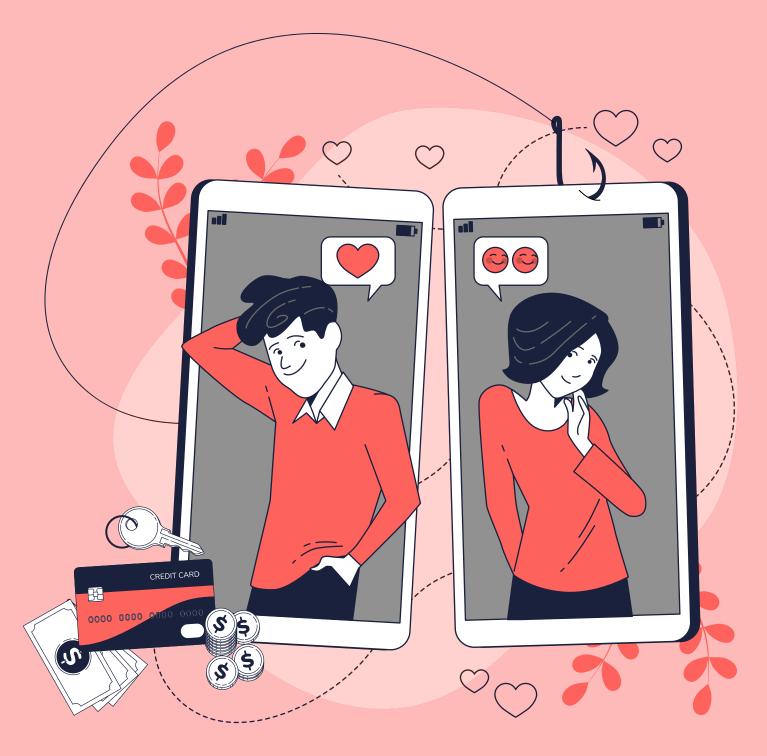


Understanding Romance Scams

A practical guide for safeguarding whānau – highlighting common tactics used in romance scams.



This guide is based on the e-book Staying Safe from Romance Fraud created by Thames Valley Police Central Fraud Unit and Elisabeth Carter - Criminologist and Linguist, Carter and Day Consultancy.

INTRODUCTION

This booklet is designed to create an understanding of the workings of romance scams to enable appropriate assistance and support for potential victims, and help individuals recognise and avoid romance scams.

Romance scams occur when the other person is using a fake profile to form a relationship. They use a dating site or social media platform to gain trust and ask for money or enough personal information to steal someone's identity. They often do this by using photos and identities of people they have found online.

Scammers are experts at manipulation and will go to great lengths to create a false reality in which the individual will feel that they are making reasonable and rational decisions.

For many whanau and friends of victims caught up in romance scams, efforts to caution the targeted individual are frequently met with resistance, as the victim may be unwilling to accept that they are being deceived.

This booklet has been designed to demonstrate the strategies often used by romance scammers with a view to increase the knowledge of our communities. It also aims to reduce the shame and embarrassment often experienced by romance scam victims by highlighting its links to grooming, domestic abuse, and coercive control.

We encourage you to share this knowledge amongst your communities to help effectively prevent romance scams and provide appropriate assistance to those caught up in one.





"Legitimate" Urgency

This happens when a sense of urgency is created to prompt the victim to act fast without thinking.

> The scammer will manipulate a time critical situation to provoke the victim into reacting quickly. This works by creating a sense of panic from the victim who feels (!)the need to respond urgently. The scammer creates a limited time only situation where the victim needs to act quickly and makes them feel responsible for (!)solving the "problem".



Scammer

Darling. Please send money quickly. My mum is in hospital and requires an urgent operation. X

> Oh my goodness! I am so sorry to hear this. Why does the operation cost money? X

Scammer

All medical care costs here. Without the operation she will die! Only you can help me my darling! X

 	Scammer This is the or The money r sent immedi doctor to pe operation no	needs to ately for rform th	r the
			l can do and cai for you
	Scammer You have say She will nee which also c	d afterc	are too
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	The second	u la a da Al	
 (!)	The scamme will avert son		
!	The victim ha hold the pow		
 !	The scamme request for fi reason for re	nancial s	support. Il



No! This cannot happen! I will pay for the operation. X

> o this. I have money n solve this heartache



n to think about or verify the pplies to situations where a their own money in a "limited

to believe that their quick action or financial disaster.

ted into believing that they situation by sending money.

that this will not be the last Il health is often used as a be sent.

"Legitimate" Secrecy

Secrecy is encouraged to minimise the scammer being found out.

Secrecy is extremely important to scammers, especially when a (\mathbf{I}) victim wants to tell family/friends about the "relationship".

The biggest challenge for the scammer is the intervention of (!)the victim's family and friends. The scammer will make every effort to isolate the victim.

The scammer will use tactics which make the requests for secrecy seem like a normal request.

LTE Back Contacts

Scammer

(!)

My darling. Our love story does not need to be shared. It is between us and us alone. X

> I am just so happy and I want my friends and family to understand that is because of you. X

•

Scammer

A successful marriage remains between 2 people. It is private and not for public display. X

	Scammer When we marry soon, y will understand that my loyalty and respect is a for you. X	/
	w	am s ife. l rong
	Scammer I feel this too. It is us against the world with r interfering from anyboo else. X	
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(!)	The victim is manipulate for secrecy do not cause	
!	The scammer will use lan victim into feeling a sens	
!	The victim's attention is a impending marriage.	diver
 (!)	The scammer will disguis between 2 people on a p a cause for concern.	



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You are romantic and make me feel so safe and happy. X

> o happy to become your have never felt love as as this. X



such a way that requests victim to be alarmed.

age which manipulates the security and obligation.

rted to thoughts of an

ecrecy as a mutual act onal level, rather than as

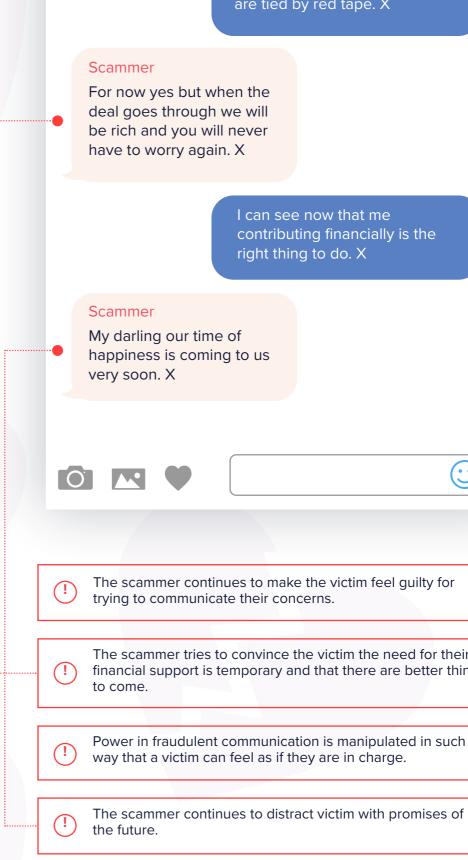
Power Manipulation and Disguising Requests For Money

Manipulation takes place to make the victim believe they have power to make decisions.

> The scammer implies the victim is being disloyal after the victim has expressed concern over the relationship. The victim is unknowingly manipulated into apologising (When their doubts are reasonable). Scammers use language to create situations where requests for money are disguised as something different, such as part of a joint effort to progress the relationship. LTE Back Contacts Scammer I am hurt you doubt me. You need to understand that I am real and we will be married. X Deep down I know you are real – I will feel better when we meet. I am sorry for doubting you. X Scammer All I ask is for your understanding and effort to help make our dreams

> > reality....Only you can do

this! X





I do. I know all of your finances are tied by red tape. X

I can see now that me contributing financially is the right thing to do. X



The scammer tries to convince the victim the need for their financial support is temporary and that there are better things

Power in fraudulent communication is manipulated in such a

The Set Up

A victim is set up by being drip fed information which supports later requests for financial assistance.

> The scammer has previously told victim about a property build. This is for the sole purpose of referring back to it later to help the story seem real.

This creates a story which makes the victim feel reassured, and as if they are fully aware of what is happening in the scammers' (!)world.

The request for money is disguised as temporary and a reasonable, expected way to help a spouse in need.

TE	
Back	Contacts

Scammer

Darling! The loan for the property build I told you about has not been approved! I am in distress! X

> I remember. I know how important this is to you. Is there not another bank that will help?!X

Scammer

Not possible. Darling – Please can you apply for a loan for me? I will pay you back I promise. Your loving husband to be. X

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Scammer

Do you not trust me?! -This makes me hurt. I am not a scammer unlike many people. All I do is for our future. X

> Of course I trust you but I will need to secure my home against it – I was just worried about risk but I am silly to think like this. X

Scammer

(!)

There is no risk. My lawyer will call you to confirm this loan is above board and genuine. X $\mathbf{:}$ $\left[O \right]$ The victim feels a sense of responsibility. (!) The victim's attempt to protect themselves is attacked by the scammer, by claiming the victim's uncertainly and lack of (!)support is causing them physical and emotional pain. This adds further reassurance to the victim that it is not a fraud, and, feeling their uncertainty is disloyal, now feels (!` obligated to explain away their initial concerns.

The scammer will suggest other people (also scammers) who can "verify" that they are genuine such as a family member or "lawyer".



not sure.....A loan is a big cial commitment but I you are good to me...X



Indirect Requests for Money

Requests for money are disguised as something else.

(!)

(!)

(!)

Failing mental and physical health is used to encourage action/ intervention by the victim. It is also used to stop certain actions from the victim such as seeking advice from others.

A sense of urgency has been created to cause the victim to panic and feel helpless.

Talk of sickness and worry is used to distract the victim.

LTE Back Contacts

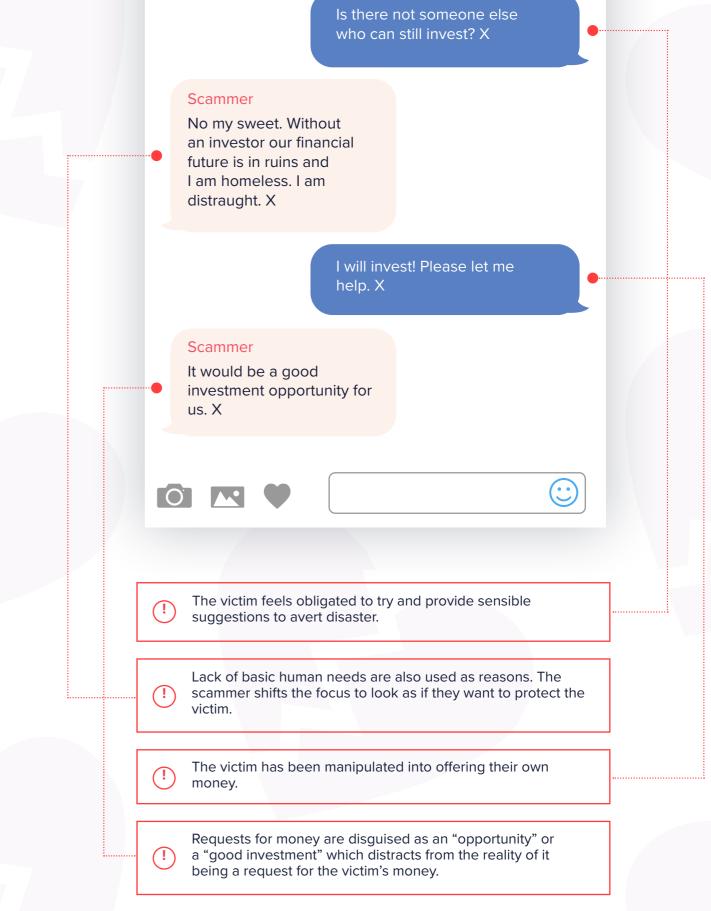
Scammer

My darling. Today I am very sick. I wish you were here to take care of me! X

> Sick in what way? Please get medical help! I feel so helpless! X

Scammer

I am sick from worry and stress. The investor has pulled out from the deal! Х





The Link to **Coercive Control**

Coercive control is often part of domestic abuse, but it also has a clear link to romance scams.

This is evident through the similarity in the behaviour and tactics used by both individuals who perpetrate abuse and romance scammers. This means that the experience of coercive control within a romance scam is often similar to the coercive control found within domestic abuse.

It is often hard for a victim of a romance scam to associate any form of abuse with what they perceive to be a perfect relationship. The reality is that the victim has been manipulated into being unable to see beyond the false reality that the romance scammer has created.

Psychological grooming is used by romance scammer to trap victims in a situation that is difficult for them to recognise as abusive, and is difficult to seek help or escape. This is the same type of grooming that is used in domestic violence and coercive control.

The imbalance of power that is created without the victim's realisation creates a situation in which the scammer gains the means to exploit the victim. This in turn unknowingly relinquishes any control the victim may have had over their own emotional wealth prior to becoming involved with the victim.

Victim's resources are exploited. Victim becomes emotionally dependent on scammer.

Victim's reality is

distorted.





self blame and shame.

The Emotional Impact of Romance Fraud

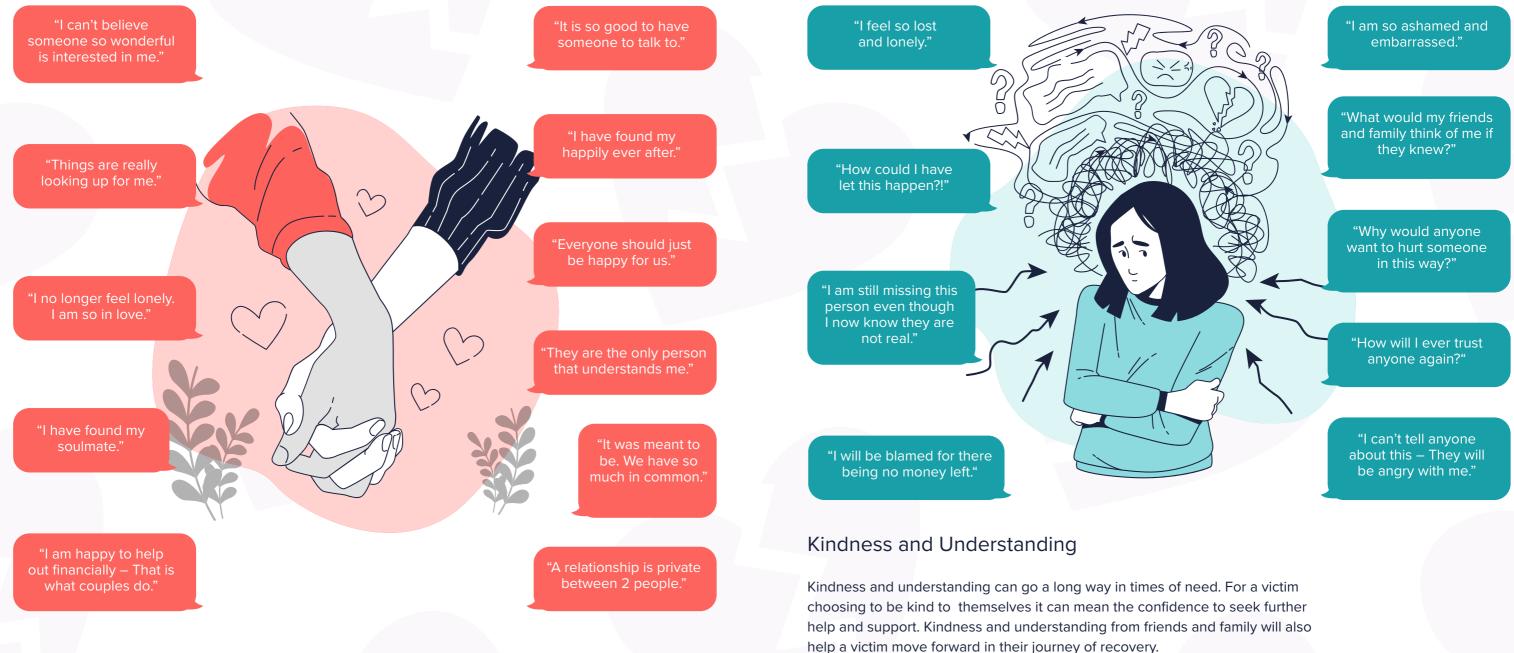
The manipulative tactics used by romance scammers naturally induce many feelings for the victim – both positive and negative

It is important to remember these are completely natural reactions to the circumstances. Below are just some of the thoughts and feelings a victim may experience during the "relationship".

The Realisation

The realisation that a relationship was not real can trigger many challenging thoughts and feelings.

This can be especially difficult as these will be in great contrast to how a victim felt before they found out. Below are just some of examples of what a victim may feel. Again it is important to remember that these are completley natural reactions to a traumatic experience.





Top Tips on Staying Safe from Romance Fraud

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Always
Be wary of revealing personal information about yourself online.
Remain on the dating site's messaging platform if contact was via a dating site.
Remember that anyone can pretend to be anyone they want to be online.
Be wary if you are encouraged to keep things from your family and friends.
Be wary of anyone asking lots of questions about you but not revealing much about themselves.
STOP : Taking a moment to stop and think before parting with your money or information could keep you safe.
CHALLENGE: Could it be fake? It's ok to reject, refuse or ignore any requests. Only criminals will try to rush or panic you.
PROTECT: Contact your bank immediately if you think you've fallen for a scam and report it to Netsafe.
netsafe.org.nz

LTE Never No matter how long you've been speaking to someone online and how much you trust them Never send them any money. Never allow them access to your bank account. Never transfer money on their behalf. Never take a loan out for them. Never provide copies of your personal documents such as passports or driving licenses. Never invest your own money on their behalf or on their advice. Never purchase and send the codes on gift cards from Amazon or iTunes. Never agree to receive or send any parcels on their behalf (such as mobile phones or laptops). 🗗 netsafe netsafe.org.nz







Further Help and Support

If you've been targeted with a romance scam In New Zealand or wish to assist someone who has, the following organisations can provide advice and support:



Netsafe

netsafe.org.nz

Netsafe can provide confidential non-judgemental advice on the steps you can take. Read our advice on <u>Romance Scams</u> on our website or contact us on:

- Helpline Call us on **0508 638 723**
- Email <u>help@netsafe.org.nz</u>
- Text Netsafe to 4282
- Make an <u>online report</u>





Lifeline

lifeline.org.nz

Lifeline provide 24/7 confidential support and advice to people in distress. You can contact them on:

- Helpline Call us on 0508 543 354
- TAUTOKO Suicide Crisis Helpline Call us on 0508 828 865
- Text 4357

Manaaki Tāngata Victim Support

victimsupport.org.nz

Free, nationwide support for people affected by crime, suicide and traumatic events.

- Helpline Call us on **0800 842 846**
- Email <u>contactservice@victimsupport.org.nz</u>



Police

police.govt.nz/use-105

You can report scams to the Police, keeping in mind that if it is likely the scammer is overseas and if money was sent offshore – it is unlikley the money will be recovered.

- Call 105
- You can report scams to the Police



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